The Daily Gazetteer.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 19. 1741.

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ETTERS for a Conflantinople fay, a very remarkable Proposition was lately made in the Divan. The Grand · a Figure among the Poten-· tates of the Universe, and had too great a Share of · Interest in Europe, for the Signior to be indifferent about what pass'd in

at therefore it was convenient to give a ferious tion to the State of Affairs, not only with regard drides; and that it was for the Honour of his abrour of those Powers to whom his Friendship ned Service.' It is foreseen that this Proposal wintroduce a new System of Politicks at the The Grand Vizir represented also, . That it Shame the Porte should be so ill inform'd of missiong in Europe; and that it would be the them to have Ministers or Confuls in several s, on the same Footing as those that are kept by other Powers. 'I is very probable that both Proposals were made by the Advice of Count and, whose Credit is greater than ever in the an Empire.

an empire.

a. dig. 15. N. S. The King of Prussia having supered Letters discovered a Design of the Count may to throw a Body of Austrians into this City, may conjectured that the Motive of the Count's the Lamp at Bilau was to effect it, the King it geoffary to prevent it by garrifoning the in his own Forces. Every thing feems to be in fer some new Action, and the King is draw-us forces into a Body. The Pandours, since appearent at Zoten on the 30th ult. with the enighbouring Villages, where they have done lifthef to the Salt-works, and thrown all the Meal too which they found into the Oder. to burnt all the Hay which was collected there Profian Army, and feiz'd feveral Cart-loads of eMerchandise and Effects, without shewing any to the Paffports which were produc'd by the In flort they lay all Places desolate, and drim is to leave no Place they come to till they did and plunder'd it. The French Minister the ide Valori was twice this Week in his Prussian Camp, which continues as yet at Strehlen.

mr. Aug. 18. N. S. Yesterday came hither Post lin M. de Viereck, one of the King of Prussia's and went this Day to Herrenhausen, where Audience of his Britannick Majesty. 'Tis faid affion was to thank his Majesty for the Pains then to accommodate the Affair of Silefia, and time to acquaint him with the Reasons why of mould not accept of the Queen of Hungary's mals. The News of Sweden's Declaration of is Ruffia was the more furprifing here, because very Day of the faid Declaration the Swedish had always talk'd in a Stile which did not proa Rupture. The King has held a Council a Occasion, after which an Express was difthe Lords of the Regency of Great Britain, them to have more Men of War in a Readi-

as great Satisfaction to observe, that the King facious to the Prussian Minister the Baron de A Coanier arriving Yesterday from Breslau, who at the Baron's House, a great many People the expecting to hear the News, which is much by all good Patriots, of another bloody Action the two Armies in Silefia, because they were fo the other; but they had the Comfort to hear that yet happen'd.

loops that were assembled in Alface, pass'd the athe 15th at Soudersheim, two Leagues below and the reft will also pass it forthwith of the Circle of Swabia have just garifon'd Augsbourg, to guard those Cities from any and as the Deputies of that Circle are actuled at Esslingen, the Deputies of the Circle of

the Upper Rhine are to meet here to morrow. 'Tis reported that the Danish, Hessian, and Hanoverian Troops, are to form a Camp in the County of Hanau, in order to be ready to observe the Motions of the

French Troops. Neifs, Aug. 13. N. S. Mr. Robinson the British Minister return'd thro' this Place two Days ago from the Prussian Camp to Vienna. A Regiment of Prussian Hussars having just pass'd the Oder, was attack'd on their March by General Festit tz with four hundred Hussars, who defeated and put them to Flight, after having oblig'd near 200 Hussars to surrender Prisoners of War or to throw themselves into the Oder. Count Newperg's Army having pass'd the River News on the 8th at Ulmansdorf, came and encamp d at Baumgarten, and next Day the Count himself advanced with a Detachment to Franckenslein, whither the Army was to follow him next Day; there being 10,000 Prustians in that Neighbourhood, who on the 5th came to the fine Abbey of Henrichau, (which our Men deferted upon their Arrival) and after they had plunder'd it, fet fire to t. Our Pandours, who lately entered the Village of Zoten, gave great Marks of their Bravery, having had but 4 Men kil'ed and 20 wounded, whereas the Enemy

wounded Men. Bruffels, Aug. 21. N. S. A hundred and fourfcore Carriages are fet out from the Frontiers of Hainault with ill Sorts of Stores for the Army on the Maefe, to which all the Troops that are to join it are marching with the utmost Diligence. The Camp which is forming at Givet will consist of 23000 Men, and there will be another of much the same Number at Sedan; which two Bodies were to go by different Routs on the 6th or 17th thto' the Country of Liege, and join in Westpha-lia. Seven Vesse's laden with Wheat bought in Holland for the Magazines at Givet arriv'd here last Week, and it is sent forward free of Toll for the Passage, and 20000 Sacks more are expected from thence, which will be orwarded in the fame Manner.

had 114 Men killed and carried off 14 Carts full of

Extra@ of a Letter from Amfterdam, of Aug. 25. N.S.
• The March of Troops from France towards the Country of Juliers and Berg gives no little Uneafine's to the Ministers of this Republick, whose Communication with the Empire and Swifferland would in case of a Rupture be thereby cut off.

'The great Efforts made by the Maritime Powers, and in particular that of Great Britain, to extinguish the Flame of War in Silefia, and the good Reception which Mr. Robinson met with from the King of Pru = fia, give us fresh Hopes that the Difference will be soon accommodated.

' A Correspondent of mine at Francfort writes, that State Papers are continually flying about, some of which in a few Words let the attentive Reader into Affairs of the utmost Importance without any Scruple Of this Kind is one which he has just now fent me, under the Title of a Letter from Straibourg, which discovers a Plan that will amuse if not surprize your

" The Preparations, fays the French Author, which are making for War on the Part of our Court, and those which some of the Princes of the Empire are " making at the Solicitation of our Court, have no " View but what is entirely pacifick, nor any Tendency " but to support the Negociations of the Marshal de Belleisle, in pursuance of the Plan that has been con certed in the Cabinet; a Plan which, they fay, tends to the Maintenance of the Tranquillity of the Empire. " It confifts, at least as we are affur'd, of these Paris : "There's an absolute Necessity of proceeding to the Election of an Emperor without Delay, and before " the Accommodation of the Courts of Vienna and Berlin; because in this Case there would be the Suf-" frage of the King of Prussia, which added to the "Three who may be already depended on, will form " for nothing: And when the Elector of Mentz ices powerful Armies at the very Gates of the Empire to support the Election of the Prince in whole Favour those Four Suffrages are united, he will not fail, for the Safety of his Country and his Capital, and for preventing an Intedine War, to join his to those four Suffrages, by which Means the Point in view will be " carry'd without Bloodshed, and indeed without any " Act of Violence. Moreover, to clinch the Nail, as we fay, an Emperor and a King of the Romans may " be made at the same time; the former in the Person

" of the Elector of Bavaria, and the latter in that of " the Electoral Prince of Saxony, to whom the Impe-" rial Crown would be fecur'd upon the first Vacancy : " and by the Help of this fecond Byas all the Pro-" jects in view would equally take place. We are " affur'd that these Springs are in Motion, and that they are play'd hitherto with Success, &c."

We have Advice from the Court of Spain, that our Ambassador has not been feen there for some time, and that they imagine he waits for new Instructions. A Change in the Spanish Ministry is still talk'd of at Madrid; but they fay now, that M. de Villarias is to continue at the Head of the Foreign Affairs; that Don Campillo is to be Secretary of the Marine and the Indies ; the Marquis d'Affaris to be Secretary at War, and the Duke de Montemar to have the Regiment of Spanish Guards.

All the Letters we have from Constantinople, whether directly from thence, or by the way of Venice, import, that there will be a fpeedy Repture betwixt the Turks and Persians."

FOREIGN PORTS.

Eljeneur, Aug. 12: N. S. Since my last came in the Ships commanded by the following Madlers, viz. On the 8th, Richard Richman, from Riga for Hull; Francis Grace, from Stockholm for Brittol; George Widet, from Narva for London : On the 9th, Robert Waers, from Dantzick for Cook; Robert Rowning, from Riga for London; John Dodgion, from Narva for Lan-caster; Benjamin Hill, from Hull for Petersburgh; Charles Jacks, John Joad, from Petersburgh for London : On the 10th, William Forfler from ditto, Blashall Taylor from Hull, both for Stockholm; William Barker, from Steein for London; William Reed, from London for Geffle; William Stock for London, Joshua Campion for Cork, Benjamin Lothrington for London, James Key for Dundee, On the 11th, Thomas Hewon for London, all five from Petersburgh ; Benjamin Chappell, from Koningsburgh for Hull; William Hobion, from Petersburgh for Briffol; George Wation, from London for Narva; George Maedison, from Stockholm for Hull Richard Garland for Topsham, John Cooke for London, both from Petersburgh; William Wilkinson, from Narva for London; Peter Ham for Dantzick, Laurence Page for Petersburgh, John Barnaby for Steine all three from London: On the 2th, Isaac Stephenson, from Burlington for Dantzick; Cristian Holm, from t. Ubes for Riga; Elisha Hunter, from Newcalle for Kiell; William Allison, Stephen soyman, from London for stockholm; John Newman, ohn Coxon, both from Petersburgh for London; John Dunbar, from London for the Bartick; Cornelis Hartley, William Smeton, both from ditto for Stockholm ; Thomas Harrison, from Alva for ditto; Thomas Me Donel, from Hamburgh for Riga; and John Belfohr. from London for Copenhagen.

. Those Matters bound for the Baltick are fail'd from hence the Wind at N. W. and the Outward-bound are detain'd in this Road.

P. S. " At the Post going out, the wedish Conful here communicated to me, that the War was declar'd from Sweden with Ruffia, and Petersburgh block'd up by Sea, which will create a Disturbance to our " Trade there, and I fear to other Ports in the Bal-

HOME PORTS

Deal, Aug. 17. Wind S. by E. Remains in the Downs his Majesty's Ship the Dolphin, with the Vernon, Ball, and the Bromey, Llowoing, both for Barbados; the ... Jones, for Pooe; and the Industry, lackson, a Transport. Arriv'd the Charles, French, from Cape de Verds

Gravefend, Aug. 17. Pass'd by the Hannah and Elizabeth, Jones, from Virginia; the southern, Judd, from Maryland; buth came worth about,

At Dartmouth, the Speedwell, Gely

foundland. At Yarmouth, the Ann and Elizabeth, Virginia.

> LONDON, August #

Extrast of a Letter from the Hague, Aug . It is currently reported here by form ticians, that an Alliance is actually con file France, Spain, Prutha, the Two Sicilies, the E Bavaria, and some other German Princes : And pretend also to be acquainted with its Purposes. All the Criticks in News however will have this Intelligence to be premature, especially in regard to Prussia and Spain, which feem to be Powers at too great a Distance to have any mutual Conjunction of Interest. Besides, if there was so close a Union between the Courts of Paris and Berlin, why should the Elector Palatine be in fo much Pain for his Duchies of Juliers and Bergue, as to invite French Troops to come and protect them ?

The same Persons who talk of this extraordinary League, have also fabricated another Piece of News; viz. Phat the Turks have pick'd a Quarrel with the Russians, as to the Limits of the Two Empires, and that we should shortly ice the War renew'd between those two Powers. How they have this Intelligence I know not, but have feen a Letter from a Person of Quality at Warfaw, dated August 5. wherein 'tis expressly faid, that the Turkish and Russian Commissiaries have amicably adjusted all Differences, and that there is no Reason to apprehend any Disputes on that

· By a Letter from a Major in the Austrian Service, dated August 8. we are assur'd that the King of Prussia has rais'd new Demands of an extraordinary Nature, which it was doubted would put an End to all Negociations; but that Mr. Robinson had prevailed upon his Majesty to dispatch a Courier to Hanover, on whose Return this perplexed Scene will clear up, and we shall certainly know whether we are to act against the Prussians, or to march into Bohemia to cover that Kingdom from the Infults of the Bavarians. It is impossible to express the Amazement of the Citizens of Breslau, when they found they were to admit a They testified their Sorrow in so loud and Garison. passionate Terms, that when Threats had been tried in vain twenty thousand Florins were featter'd amongst them, and after this an Additional Bouniy to keep them quiet. Count Neuperg hopes foon to be in a Condition to re-take it.

By Letters from Breslau, of Aug. 13. it is advised that his Prussian Majetty has recalled all the Parties that had been dispatch'd throughout Silesia, and was making all the necessary Dispositions for a general Engagement; it being the current Opinion among the Officers, that in case the Austrians do not march to attack them, as they have long threatened, the Prustian Troops will attack them in their Camp. This is the rather believed, because several Officers who were in this City on account of their Wounds, return daily to the Camp.

I have this Minute a Letter from a Correspondent at Cadiz, on whom I can depend, it is dated Aug. 1. and he therein affures me, that by a Ship arrived from Buenos Ayres, the Court has receiv'd a Confirmation of the ill News of Admiral Anfon's being actually in the South Seas, whither it is faid a Spanish Squadron is preparing to follow him. By a Ship lately arriv'd at St. Sebassian's from St. Martha, they have Letters from Carthagena written in the la Mancha Stile. You will guess at the Governor's Relation by the Lift he has fent us, which is extravagant beyond Exaggeration, and just as true as that there is a very considers able Squadron of Men of War on the Coast of Chili.

An Account of the Force of the English Fleet.
Six Regiments of Marines 8936
* Two Regiments of Land-Forces 1630
* Two other Regiments 649
Troops from the Colonies 2763
* Blacks 400
· Sailors · · · · 6500
20866
An Account of the Slain.
Died in the Voyage . 4040
Perished in the Expedition . 5448
4 Cials manufed and left hand at Can

The Lift follows:

Sick, wounded, and left benind at Canthagena 1614 Seamen died with Sickness and disabled 6500 · Kill'd 7Col. 3Lt.Col. 14Capt. 20Sub. · Officers died of Sickness

. So that at this Rate there return'd to Jamaica 3163 the French have actually marked Ground for a Camp . for Fifty thousand Men at Dinant."

Letters of the 8th O S. from Berlin fay, they had Advice there that the Bavarian Troops had invested Lintz, which is the Capital City of Upper Austria. They add, that the Queen Regent made a Present of a fine Gold Watch to the Captain who brought the News that his Pruffian Majefty had put a Garison into Breslau, and that the Queen Mother also gave him fifty Ducats.

Swedes have also declar'd War at Stralfund and Wilmar, and order'd the Ruffians at both those Places to retire

with their Effects by fuch a Day.

The Harbour of Petersburgh is block'd up by a Swedish Squadron under Vice Admiral Rayalin. They write from thence, that the young Princess of whom the Great Duchess Regent was lately deliver'd has been christen'd, and nam'd Catherine, having the Duke Charles-Leopold of Mecklemburgh and the Princess Elizabeth for Sureties.

The Letters from Naples which are of the 21st ult. O. S. fay positively, that on the 17th the King of the Two Sicilies sign'd a Treaty of Alliance with the Courts of France, Spain, Bavaria, and Prussia, whereby his Majesty is oblig'd to furnish 14000 Men for his Quota, in case the Contracting Powers are oblig'd to assemble their Forces.

The Bishop of Passau, a little besore the Bavarians took Possession of his See, sent two Chests full of scarce Books and curious MSS. as a Present for the Pope, who being very fond of Literature was extremely pleased 'Tis not expected that his Holiness will bestow any of the ten vacant Hats in the College of Cardinals,

till an Emperor is chosen.

They write from Lisbon, that the African Pirates infest their Coasts to such a Degree, that there were no Fish in their Markets one Day, the Fishermen being afraid to venture out of the River to catch them.

From Paris, that Messieurs de Villette and Michael d'Amblerie, the former being Receiver-general of the Finances of Flanders and Hainault, and the latter of the Generalty of Montauban, are both fail'd, the latter for above three Millions of Livres; and that other Bankruptcies are expected much more confiderable, if the Galleons fall into the Hands of the English.

We hear from Genoa by Letters of the 25th ult. that the Queen of Hungary has fent Orders to her Minister there to borrow two Millions of Florins; and that the Masters of some Vessels arriv'd there from the Spanish Coafts reported, that Admiral Norris's Squadron join'd Admiral Haddock's off of Gibraltar, when both Squadrons together confisted of 28 Men of War, after which they were feen off of Port St. Mary's.

We hear that on the 1st inft. the Marriage was celebrated betwixt the Hereditary Prince of Hesse Darmstadt

and the eldett Princess of Deux Ponts.

We are affur'd from Dusseldorp, that the French Troops design'd for Juliers and Berg consist of 22 Regiments of Foot, 13 of Horse, 3 of Dragoons, and the Gendarmerie, besides a Battallion of the Artillery

They write from the Hague, that the Dutch are changing several of their Garrisons, and that all the Officers and Soldiers belonging to the Garrisons of the Bar rier Towns are ordered to repair thither forthwith.

The Swedes have call'd home their Subjects in Russia by Proclamation, and granted a Pardon to all Deferters,

whether Soldiers or Sailors, that return to their Duty.
On Sunday last died Mr. John Wilson, an eminent Printer in Gracechurch-street.

Yesterday a large Quantity of Tea, Brandy, and other Goods, were seiz'd in the River on board a Dunkirk Ship lately arriv'd.

Yesterday one Mrs. Hurd, a Lodger at the Ship in Salisbury Court Fleet-street, being disorder'd in her Senses, flung herself out of a Window three Stories high, and was kill'd on the Spot.

Yesterday died after a long Illness, Mrs. Warner, Mistress of Slaughter's Cossee house in St. Martin's-lane, which, on account of her bad Health, she had refign'd to her Brother Slaughter, who now continues, and first

affitted her in opening it.

Edinburgh, Aug. 8. On Sunday Evening the Rev. Mr. Whitefield preached in a Field near the Orphan-House to upwards of 15000 People; and on Monday, Friday and Saturday Evening to near as many. On Tuesday Morning he preach'd in the Cannon-gate Church, and on Wednesday and Thursday at Dumsermlin; and in his Return on Friday Morning, about eight o' Clock, at a Town called Queen's ferry, feven Miles from Edinburgh; everywhere the Auditories were large and very attentive. Great Power has accompanied his g, many have been brought under Conviction, and he has already receiv'd feveral Invitations to feveral Places, which God willing he intends to comply with.

High Water this Day & Morning | Ever at London-Bridge & 04 31 04

Bank Stock 139 3-4ths to 139. India 153 1-8th to 152 1-half. South Sea 99 3 4ths to 100 to 99 3-4ths. Old Annuity 111 1-8th to 111. New ditto 109 1-4th to 108 7-8ths. Three per Cent. 98 1-

Those of the 7th from Hambourg say, that the wedes have also declar'd War at Stralfund and Wismar, don Assurance 11. African 10. India Books 1 to 13 s. Promium. Bank Circulation 61. also Counce of Nothing done. English Copper 31. 151. ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cast Es ders Nothing done. Three per Cent. dine N done. Million Bank 114. Equivalent 112.

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HE OCCASIONAL PAPER, Number On Disputes and Controverses in Religion.
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nofter Row. Morer Row.

Where may be had, the Two Preceding Number 4d, each. And also the following.

I A Co; y of the Royal Charter chabilining at He the Maintenance and Editeation of Espaid and Young Children. Price 4d.

II. A Letter to the Key Mr. Lamb: Occasion marks on a Book intituded, A Plain Account, in a crament: Price 6 d.

Laft Saturday was Publifit, Number XVI. Price 6d. Wieb His MAJESTY's Royal Lin

YCLOPAEDIA : or, An Un Dictionary of Arts and Sciences; comming a cation of the Terms, and an Account of the Thing thereby in the feveral Arts, both Liberal and Methal thereby in the several Arts, both Liberal and Merian the several Sciences. Human and Divine, the Figure Properties, Productions, Preparations and Ules's Natural and Artificial; the Rise, Progress and State Reclesiastical, Civil, Military and Corumercial, with Systems, Sects, Opinions, &c among Pallosopen, Mathematicians, Physicians, Antiquaties, Cikin, Whole intended as a Course of ancient and motion Extracted from the best Authors, Dictionaries, Jean moise, Translactions, Ephemerides, &c instructed from the CHAMBERS, F.R. & The General Character and Fablish'd Remsel

By E. CHAMBERS, F.K.&.
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It is also to be taken inwardly by Drops, which is likes off and eradicates the very Cause; for it is takes off and eradicates the very Caute; for it blieves, comforts, and fitengthens the Brain, com robotates the Stomach, removes Sickness from E, fiton, cleanfes the Blood; and, in a Word, ithe phalick, Stomachick, Hepatick, and powerful proffible.

Whereas many Perfons of both Sees per Handkerchiefs with a few Drops of it, and fa-ufing it fo, it is of fingular Service in all the Comentioned; and many Gentlemen, Ladies and On after this Manner, purely because it gives and in delicious Odour, that confantly band eligits the Senfes, not only better than any thing of a (which is really hurtful to most Confinition really takes off what fuch Thinga do occupance in the Head and Brain from any il Reduktion and infantly diversified, and infantly diversified, and present the Snuff, and instantly diverts from any all security from any all security from any countries of any fudden, naufeous, offenfor such is extremely necessary for all Gentlemen, Lain, a to be carried in the property of the countries of the carried in the property of the carried in the carri

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Sold now only at Mrs. Markham's Toyfish Stars under St. Dunft-m's Church in Fleet-freet.
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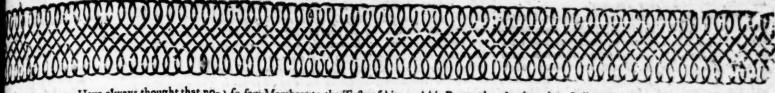
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Have always thought that nothing becomes a Publick Writer fo ill as being in a Paffion.

A Man who addresses himself to the Nation in general, under pretence too that he speaks for their Sake and not hisown, should certainly bear with Patience whatever is said to him in return. If he does not, it

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in that whatever he may pretend, he is not a to Liberty in his Heart. To alled ge that we ner w credit Ministers, that we are not bound all for Gospel which comes from Kings, nay, may even suspect the Veracity of Parliaments, the time time tye us down to receive with impliince whatever is dictated to us by the Craftiman Correspondents, is not only idle and impertiwavey and abfurd. If the Author of the Graftfa mally a Man of Figure, why does he not tell lo, and then it will be known what Respect is Del But if he has no Claim of this Sort, if the this Paper and his Application to his tatrons be sut World takes them to be, why does he give ins Grain of Common-sense but himself, or does ivil not bear handling ! He has always fet up for at for Freedom, and particularly for the Freedue Preis. The Preis is free under this Admiin, freer than it ever was, and him elf makes the nte free to the Friends of that Administration. ban with so much Patience the Licence of him h Afficiants? If the Writers in the Gazetteer have is to say to the Purpose, then they may be safely e, Nonsense can never hurt any Caule, much he Caule of Patriotifm, in which this Writer prein beengaged. On the other hand, if those he Mailtrial Writers say things which deserve the sim of the Publick, why does he fly in a Passion? s falle Turn was given to his Lift, why does not it? He could not possibly imagine that the Auof the Papers upon his Lift, laid any great Stress in moral ground the Papers upon his Lift, laid any great Stress in moral ground the stress in Roman. No in more ready to play with Words than this Writing and the stress in th ill, and therefore he ought to indulge fuch little. in other Men. As to what he fays of printing m in dirty, black, Italick Characters, it ferves nonvince me that he was very, very angry, when me his Desence; for I appeal to all the Readers is her, whether the Italick be not a clearer, fairer highter Character than the other, (I dare not call in into a Plot) fo that all the Dirt and Blackness linewa Side of the Question, and of his own plathere. In thort, whoever reads his Lift will fee, he laid a mighty Strefs upon his Romans, which kender had a natural Right to take in whatever

thappeared to him. a of publishing a List, and that he did not incline saguish Gentlemen in any Manner. Now I apbevery Man of common Understanding and comlargerty, whether he has not given up the whole te, face however worthy his Correspondent might k owns that he publish'd the List contrary to his ats and against his Inclination, and that he should that the Request of an unknown Person is some-I firmed diffinguished Lifts, and that his only was tatotice of; but for this, the very Papers which take acfit asign the plainest Reasons, viz. because cer-Gramstances attend his distinguished List, which, my be indulged the Expression, distinguish it from the Lists of Distinctions. They only brand Perbahe, Places; they attack the Characters of Par-Men, but he attacks the Constitution of Parliaas to their Caprice, he questions the Rights of these ber. Is not this sufficient Cause for any Man, ohn a just Regard to our present excellent Constituto take the Alarm? Does he not say, almost in d Terms, to the Electors in these Ports, who obtain thinleges by lavishing their Blood and Treasure in Spring at the Control of the Spring at the Control of the Control o knice of their Country, that fince they have chosen

fo few Members to the Taste of him and his Party, they may chance to feel the Effects of it, and from sending fixteen be reduced to sending only two Members?

It is amazing, that a Writer who has fo quick a Sense of the giving a false Turn to the true Point in debate, should treat what has been faid of Bishop Burnet in this Paper, in the Manner he does. I have a just Esteem for the Memory of that Prelate, and a very great Regard to his Son; but what is this to the Point in debate? What is this to what the Craftsman faid of Bishop Burnet, or to what I said of Bishop Burnet to the Craftsman ? He came over with the Prince of Orange to preserve our Constitution, did he not? And if he did, I own I think it an indecent Expression to call any Branch of it rotten, and thereby give a Hint of cutting it off. Had there been an Expression of this Sort in the Prince of Orange's Declaration, I dare fay it would have prevented the late happy Revolution. But I will go no farther in this Dispute, the Boroughs know best how to judge of it, and according to the Doctrine of the Patriots may instruct their Members to give up their Rights, or to call those to an Account, who have attempted to shew the

Expediency of taking them away. The Matter that remains with me, is to justify what I have said as to Bishop Burnet. It was this; I said that the Spirit of that Prelate's Observation was with me, tho' the Letter of it feem'd to favour the Malecontents. To cut short the Matter, I will produce the Passage, and then let People judge for themselves. His Lordship, fpenking of the last Parliament in the Reign of King William, uses these Words. . The Heats in Elections encreased with every new Summons. This was thought to critical a Conjuncture, that both Sides exerted their fuil Strength. Most of the great Counties, and the chief Cities, chose Men that were zealous for the King and Government, but the rotten Part of our Conflitation the Smail Borour bs, were in many Places wrought on to chuse bad Men: Upon the Whole however it appeared, that a clear Majority was in the King's Interests; yet the Activity of the angry Side was such. that they had a Majority in chusing the Speaker, and in determining Controverted Elections; but in Mat-ters of Publick Concern, Things went on as the King defired, and as the Interest of the Nation required. The Point now cannot be midicken; it is as clear as the Sun at Noon-day that the Bishop thought the Boroughs the rotten Part of our Conflitution, for chufing Men who were against the King and Government, whereas Rottenness with the Patriots implies Affection to the King and Government. If you take Bishop Burnet's Sense, then the Boroughs are at present found; but if you are so fond of his Expression, let Mr. D' Anvers diftinguish between his BAD MEN, and his own ROMANS: For if he does not, I am afraid, from the Bishop's Description, many will think them the fame.

As to the remaining Paragraphs of this extraordinary Paper in defence of an infamous Attempt to ftigmatize near one Half of a Parliament, with being not in the true Interest of their Country, but fit to be printed in dirty, black, Italick Characters, I shall leave them untouch'd. The Author feems to be perfectly well verfed in the History of Corruption, and I dare say could write it from his own Knowledge. He talks much of a Sort of Influence, which ought certainly to be guarded against, that of directing Boroughs in virtue of Tenures and large Possessions; but how far this will be agreeable to the Landed Interest, and Gentry of England, I leave to this Writer's Confideration. Indubitably, the Spirit of our Constitution requires Absolute Freedom in Elec tions; and I profess for my own Part, that I am for removing every Obstacle thereto. I have known too many Instances of wrong Things done by Men of all Parties, to think all that comes from any Party right; but this I am fure of, that to print a Scheme for new-modelling the Constitution is inconsistent with Revolution Principles, and at this Juncture can tend only to confuse us.

At the Close of his Paper Mr. D'Anvers is quite in a Fury: 'Here, says he, I will close the Dispute with these Fellows, whom the World knows I always despited, as low, mercenary Blockbeads. But if any of their Patrons or upper Hirelings think sit to call upon me, They shall have a Proper Reply.' Bless me! what a Great Man is this! And yet, tho a Great Man, he has made a great Mislake: For he owns here, that upper Hirelings are upon a Par with himself: Much good may do him with his Greatness, and his Great Spirit, and the Great Ibings he expects from his Patrons,

when they shall come to be Great Men. My Business is not with Mr. D'Anvers, it seems, but with the Author of that List, and therefore to him I beg Leave to speak for the last Time.

I do not set up for a Great Man, nor for having Patrons among Great Men. I am an Advocate for the Little Boroughs in England and Wales, whose Birth-Rights are attack'd in that Lift, and I do hereby, in the Name of all the Electors in those Boroughs and Ports, demand from the present Parliament, as theirs and the Nation's Representatives, Justice against the Author of that Lift, as guilty of a Sert of Treason, Treason against the Constitution, Treason against the Constitution, Treason against the Majesty of the People of England; which that it is no Crime of my Invention, the World may be satisfied from Voltaire's Letters, who cites the Authority of a worthy Patriot I will not mention, because he might be vexed perhaps to see his Name in a Gazetteer.

The Publick will, I hope, do me the Justice to observe, that the Papers on this Lift have kept close to the Point, and interested none in the Dispute but such as are certainly concerned in it. If the Author of the List had a Right to publish it, I had indisputably a Right to remark on it; if he insists on the one, I insist on the other; if the Patriots protect him, I hope the People will not desert me: This is not a Contention about Persons or Power; the single Question is whether his Distinctions or my Remarks are best sounded.

SGOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Aug. 13. Monday last departed this Life, of a malignant Fever, the Right Hon. Robert [Gordon] Lord Viscount Kenmure, at his Seat in Galloway, aged 28. Dying a Batchelor, he is succeeded by his only Brother, John.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Newcafile, Aug. 15. On Monday Night last, Mr. Horn, late Governor of Bombay, with his Family, and several East India Captains, lodged in this Town, and on Tuesday proceeded on their Journey to London.

Last Week a Man was committed to Morpeth Jayl, being taken sounding the Depth of Water near Holy-sisland. He is richly dress'd, but is double iron'd in the said Jayl, and is said to be a Scotsman.

HOME PORTS.

Newcastle, Aug. 15. Arrived the Elizabeth, Wilson, from Hambourg; the Newcastle Merchant, Harvey, and the Seahorse, Green, both from Riga; the True Friendship, Trenham, from Gottenburgh; and the Rothemay, Abernethy, from Fosond.

Brifol, Aug. 17. This Day arriv'd the Hibernis, Cummerford, from Jamaica. She came from thence the 7th of June, and brings Advice, that two Days before, a large Fleet of Merchant-thips failed from thence for England under Convoy of the Torrington Man of War.

Falmouth, Aug. 15. Sail'd the Two Brothers, Lehia, for Guerniey. Remains the Hanover Packet, as per last. Wind S. W.

Plymouth, Aug 16. Came in the Francis of London, Abbot, from Petersbourg; 'the Master has acquainted the Admiral, that he met a Danish Ship from Live:
'pool near the Start, who inform'd him that he saw a Spanish Privateer of 16 Guns cruizing off of the Lizard.' Also came in the Thomas, Woods, of Exon from Milford.

Pool, Aug. 17. Wind E. S. E. Sailed the Atkins, Wills, for Newfoundland. Came in the Mary and Bas-barah, Harrison, from Newcastle.

Southampton, Aug. 18. Wind S. E. Sailed the Two Marys, Gordon, and the Union, Athy, for Guernsey.

Dover, Aug. 18. Wind E. N. E. Sailed the Emanuel, Heeren, for Nantz; the Philip and Mary, Grainger, for Sunderland; the Three Friends, Goodridge, and the Owners Goodwill, Kennet, for Plymouth.

The Prince Frederick Packet-boat that came in last

The Prince Frederick Packet-boat that came in last Night from Ostend, was attack'd Yesterday to the Westward of Dunkirk by the Privateer that has been for some time at Gravelin, but after exchanging some Shot she thought sit to sheer off, and went on board a Dutch Ship that came out of Ostend with the Packet, as we imagine to get Intelligence, and afterwards made for the Packet again, but a Breeze of Wind springing up, the Packet aut loofe her small Boat that she had in Tow, and got away from her; they suppose the Privateer took the Boat.

Deal, Aug. 18. Wind E. The two Ships for Barbados fail'd Yesterday. Remains his Majesty's Ship the Dolphin, and the Industry Transport.

Gravefend. Aug. 18. País'd by the Charles, French, from Cape de Verds; the Polly, Fushee, from Barbados; the Two Siflers, Chambers, from Maryland; the Endeavour, Scott, and the Resolution, Newman, from Petersburgh; the Parsons, Wood, the Liberty, Halfknight, and the Loyal Jane, Maples, from Dunkirk; and the Richard and Eliza, Bradford, the Flanders Merchant, Calantia, from Oftend.

Arrived At Cork, the Dolphin, Murray, from Boston.

LONDON, August 20.

Extract of a Letter from Capt. John Edwards, Commander of the Seaflower Snow Burthen 60 Tons, 4 Small Guns, bound from Guiney with about 170 Negroes to Virginia, dated York River, July 5,

1741. to his Owners in Bristol.

In Lat. 27: 26 N. Long. 67: 7, Two Spanish Vessels, the one a large Ship, the other a Snow about 90 Tons (a Philadelphia built Vessel taken lately, belonging to Glasgow) the Snow at twelve o'Clock at Norn bearing S. S. E. distance two Leagues, being little Wind, at last bore away after us : At two o'Clock found they came up with us, and they fired feveral Guns to Leeward, and hoisted a French Jack; immediately the Ship bore away also : I shewed him our Colours, he fill giving of us Chace, and kept continually firing at us. I fired a Shot now and then at him, and kept on my Course with all the Sail I could make. spoke several times, and he bid me firike my Colours, and he would give me good Quarters; if not, he would come aboard us presently, and cut all our Throats. At feven o'Clock in the Evening he came up with us, and boarded us on the Starboard Quarter; I directly put our Helm a Port and gave him our Broadfide with all the Guns we had, all with Patridge Shot, which rak'd him fore and aft, directly gave him another, which took him the same, and firing all our Small Arms into him, they continually firing at us, but not one Man came on board, altho' his Bowsprit was full of Men, they directly put their Ship about, and left us. On our first Broadside one of our Guns split all to Pieces, and stove the Quarter-deck in about four Foot long, and the Benacle and Compass all to Pieces, but did not hurt any body on board to fignify."

The Sea-Nymph, Eeles, Master, bound from Waterford to Virginia, was lately loft on Hogg Island on

the Coast of Virginia.

Yesterday came Advice, by an Express, of the Arrival of the Torrington Man of War at Portfinouth, with a large Fleet from Jamaica under her Convoy.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Major General John Cope to be Colonel of Lieutenant General Kirke's Regiment of Foot; also to appoint Colonel Fowkes to be Colonel of the late Brigadier General Pagett's Regiment of Foot.

Yesterday the Lady of the Right Hon. Sir William Yonge, Bart, Member of Parliament for Honeyton and Secretary at War, was fafely delivered of a Daughter at his House at Whitehall.

On Saturday next the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor will go with the usual Formality and proclaim St. Bar-

Mr. Wilson, of the Oldest Lottery-Office at Charing-Cross, being a large Subscriber in this present Lottery, is now ready to dispose of the Tickets, either fingly or in large Parcels, on the most reasonable Terms; likewife to divide them into Shares, such as Halves, Quarters, Eighth and Sixteenth Parts, for the Conveniency of small Adventurers, constant Attendance being given at the Office for that Purpose. His Register-Book is open for entering the Numbers of Tickets, from which all Persons who register with him are sure of the most correct as well as early Accounts being fent to any Part whatfoever, whether Prize or Blank.

Ligh Water this Day Morning Evening

Bank Stock 138 3 4ths to 139. India 152 1-half to 153. South Sea 99 3-4ths to 100. Old Annuity 110 1-4th to 3 4ths. New ditto 108 1-half to 109. Three per Cent. 97 to 1-4th. Seven per Cent. Loan nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto nothing done. Royal Affurance 89. London Affurance 11. African 10. India Bonds 31. 10s. to 5s. to 7s. Prem. Bank Circulation 61. Prem. Salt Tallies Par. English Bank Circulation of the Copper 3 l. 15 s. Welfh dieto 15 s. Three 1-half Copper 3 l. 15 s. Welfh dieto 15 s. Three per Cent. per Cent. Exchequer Orders 101. Three per Cent. ditto nothing done. Million Bank 114. Equivalent

Admiraly-Office, August 19. 1741. HE Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty bawing ordered the Foremast-Men of his Majesty's Sloop the Saltash, with such of her Petty Officers as can be provided for in the like Stations they are now in, to be turned over into his Majesty's Ship the Greenwick, which is now in Long-reach under Sailing Orders; It is their Lordships Direction, that such of the said Men as are absent from the Saltalb, do immediately repair on board the Greenwich, where they will be paid their Wages for the Saltash, and two Months Wages Advance, when the faid Ship gets to the Nore: But if any of them fail to repair on board, according to these Orders, they will not only forfeit their Wages for the Saltash, but be also taken up, and tried for De-

Tho Corbett.

Cuftom-house, London, August 15, 1741. For SALE, By Order of the Honourable Commissioners of his

Majetty's Cuttoms, &c. ON Thursday the 27th of August, 1741 at Three of the Clock in the Asternoon, will be put up to Sale in the Long Room in the Custom-bouse, London,

Several Parcels of Bobea and Green Tea, Coffee, Raw and Reafted Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Cordial Wa ters, Arrack, and Tobacco, clear of all Duties Alfo Several Cafks of Refused Wines, which are to be destil led into Erandy or made into Vinegar within three Months after they are delivered

To be feen at the King's Warehouse on Tuesday the 25th, and Wednesday the 26th of August, from Light to Twelve in the Forencon, and from Three to Five in the Afternoon, and in the Morning before the Sale.

Where Catalogues will be delivered

Bank, June 1, 1740. WHEREAS JOHN WAITE, late one of the Cashiers of the Bank of England, about Forty Years of Age, and about Five Foot Eigit Inches bigh, well let, round visag'd, small grev Eyes, wery light Eye-brows and Eye lashes, and of a most remarkable fresh Completion, absented himself on Wednesday the 13th of May last from his Duty at the Bank, and is supposed to have secreted, or taken away with bim from the Bank, East-India Bonds, amounting to a confiderable Value;

And Whereas Warrants are iffued for Apprehending and Taking the faid John Waite, This is to give Notice, whoever shall apprehend and secure the faid John Waite, to be dealt with according to Law, shall receive of the sasd Governor and Company the Sum of Three hundred Pounds over and above the Two hundred Pounds offered in sormer Advertisements, in the Whole Five hundred Pounds.

David Legrofs, Secretary.

August 18, 1741. Hereas Benjamin Ollive, a middlefize Lad, about Eighteen Years of Age, a little pitted with the Small Per, in his own Hair, Apprentice to a Hardwareman in Gracechurch-street, did on Monday the 27th of July last ablent him elf from his Master's Service, and bath not fince been heard of; This is there'ore to defire him to return to his Ma-fier's Service, or to his Friends, who will endeavour to accom-modate him to his Satisfaction. And whoever will give In-formation where the faid Lad is (to Robert Bell, Hoser, in Gracechurch fireet) so as that he doth teturn to his Friends within Twenty Days from the Date hereof, shall have Twenty Guineas Reward.

To be Sold, or Lett, HE Remainder of a Leafe of one of the best accustomed Taverns in London, late Mr. Za-chary Cahnac's, deceased, in Spread-Eagle Court, Finch Lane, near the Royal Exchange, together with all his Plate, House-

hold-goods, &c.
Alfo all his Stock of Wines, confifting of A large Quantity of Clarets, Hermitage, Burgundy, Champaigne, Fontigniac, Pregniac, Red Port, Cegas, Thent, and Brandy, being of the First Growths, and imported by himself. In order that the above-mention'd Wines may have a quick Sale, they will be fold under Prime-cost, and those who take Five Degen or unwards of a Sort shall have an Abstract pre-

Five Dozen or upwards of a Sort, fhail have an Abatement pro-

portionable to the Quantity.

No less than a Dozen Bottles will be fold under the usual Prices. All Orders from the Country will be punctually exe-cuted, and the Wines will be sent to all Parts of the Town In the mean time the Widow carries on the

Business as usual.

N.B. It will not be required of the Person who takes the House to buy the Wines, except it be agreeable.

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be SOLD, By virtue of an Act of Parlin HE Reversion in Fee, Epchar the Deaths of One, Two, or Thee leads the Manor of FAIR BY, confifting of ten flugges Cottages; the Whole of the yearly Values 301

Alfo the Fee Simple and Interitance nement called Vilvaines Farm, now nement called Vilvaines Earth, now in Poletin of Melling ley and others, and of the yearly Value of the to the Mills and Clofes of Ground thereunts belonging and moods known by the Name or Names of Bolina Mills and Clofes of Ground thereunts belonging and moods known by the Name or Names of Bolina Mills about 251. And alfo of One fourth Part (the Working about 251. And alfo of One fourth Part (the Working about 251. And alfo of One fourth Part (the Working about 251. And alfo of One fourth Part (the Working about 251. And alfo of One fourth Part (the Working about 251. And alfo of One fourth Part (the Working about 251. And alfo of One fourth Part (the Working about 251. And alfo of One fourth Part (the Working about 251. And alfo of One fourth Part (the Working and Frensies, are fitted to the Parish of Theta. If any Perfon or Perfons shall be disposed to me any Part of the alovefaid Premise, they are defined to My Simon Worth, Attorney at Law in Themselfon from whom Surveys may be had of a set when Themselfond.

to M. Simon Worth, A torney at Law in from whom Surveys may be had of t e fame

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HE LANTES PHYSICAL DIAGO Or, A Treatife of all the Weakn ffer, Incident fifty and upwards , by which Women and Mids of the Capicity may perfectly understand the Sympous, Survey Cause of their own Hinestes, and readily know how in themselves under all their infimities. With proper her Berglith press rib'd, for the Green Sickness, Othnotons, rate Fluxes, Hysterick Affections, the Piles, and ere yo order or Difference the Fair Sex are peculiarly liblent they may certainly and quickly cure themselves whose or the Advice or Knowledge of any other Perfor.

To which is apported.

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BUGGS DESTROY'D,



THIS is to acquaint Publick, that I have had to Publick, that I have had to nour to be employed by the grate bility, Gentry, and others. In Two deft.oy Buggs out of Palacco, and large and ancient Buildings, init have fucceeded and effectually of by an infallible Liquis, (not to by an infallible Liquis, (not to by an infallible Liquis, inches at let 'd in England) which is more ratled 'd in England) which is more ratled 'd in England) which is more ratled 'y and is in no wife offend the Smell, or defirmative to the finet Furniture Milesperience in this Way, and the Success I met with first

the Smell, or defirtuative to the finest Furniture My Experience in this Way, and the Success I met with fire Years, encourages me to inform those Perins that are to with such nauseous Infects, to apply, at any time to Janeway's Coffee-house near the Royal Exchange; a Rainbow in Lancauer-Court, Charing-Cross, or at mit near the two Brewers in Noble-Street, St. Luke's season to the two Brewers in Noble-Street, St. Luke's season to the two Brewers and they shall be suit immediately, and used reasonably, by Their most humble Servas,

JOHN WILLIAM